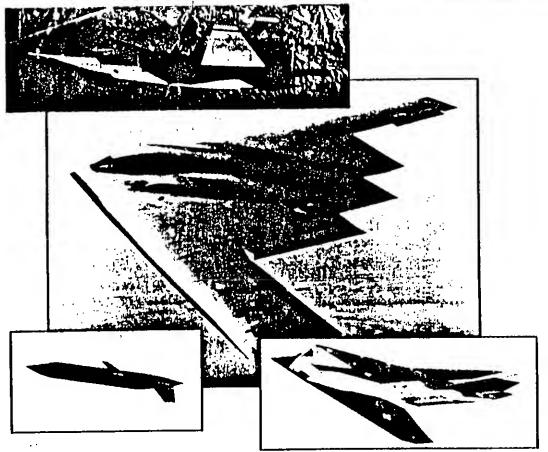


AIR FORCE STEALTH TECHNOLOGY REVIEW



10 - 14 JUNE 1991

\$3PP

STEALTH WEEK BRIEF BOOK INDEX

VALUE OF STEALTH BRIEFING TAB A

F-117 STEALTH FIGHTER TAB B

B-2 STEALTH BOMBER TAB C

F-22 STEALTH FIGHTER TAB D

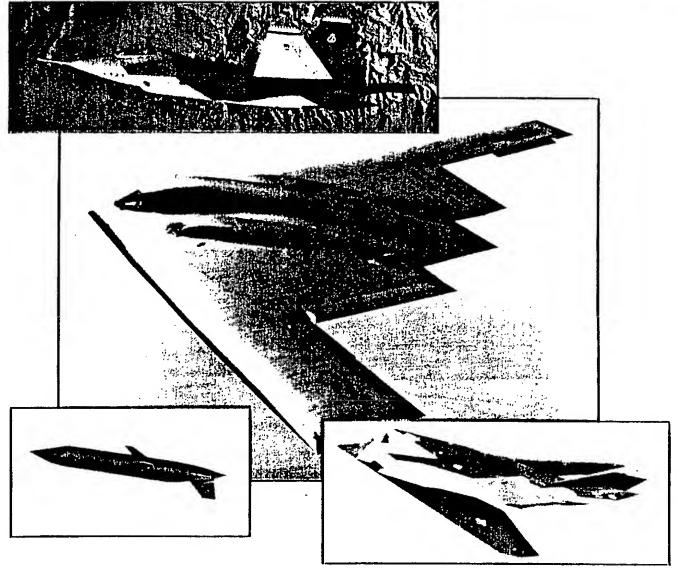
ADVANCED CRUISE MISSILE TAB E

TABA

VALUE OF STEALTH BRIEFING



VALUE OF STEALTH





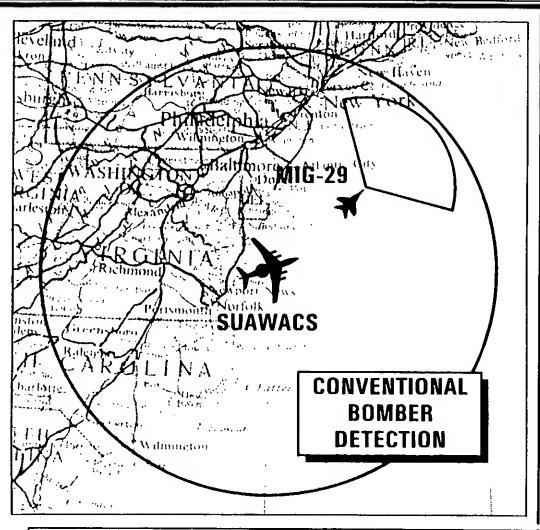
IMPACT OF TECHNOLOGY ON SURPRISE

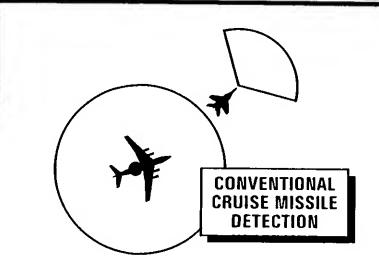
wwi	wwii	KOREA	VIETNAM	IRAQ	?
RCRAFT, S	UBMARINES				-
	RADAR, SI	DNAR			
		JET ENGINE	NUCLEAR PROP	ULSION	->
			SMART BOMB	S, SLCMs —	
	LOW 0	BSERVABLE P	LATFORMS/SUBO	QUIETING —	→

- INITIALLY, AIRCRAFT AND SUBMARINES ENJOYED THE BENEFIT OF SURPRISE
- RADAR, SONAR, AND NEW PROPULSION TECHNIQUES CHANGED WARFARE
- LOW OBSERVABLES RESTORED THE ELEMENT OF SURPRISE FOR AIRPLANES
- SURPRISE IS PERISHABLE. OTHER COUNTRIES ARE WORKING HARD TO CATCH UP. THEREFORE, WE MUST CAPITALIZE ON OUR SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT IN LOW OBSERVABILITY TO ENSURE A LASTING U.S. ADVANTAGE



PENETRATING BOMBER STEALTH EFFECTIVENESS



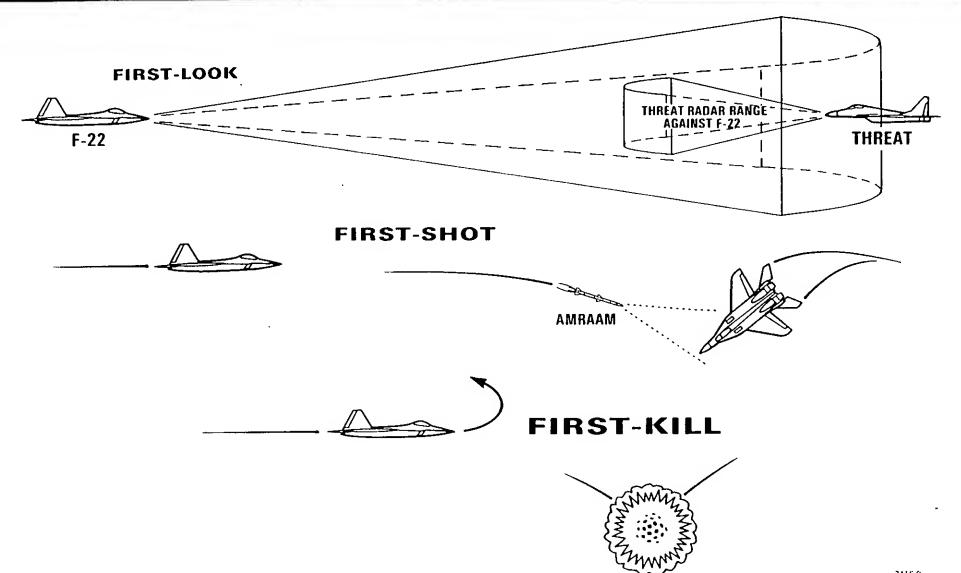




WHEN COMPARED TO CONVENTIONAL TARGETS, STEALTH GREATLY DECREASES THE EFFECTIVENESS OF OPERATIONAL RADAR SYSTEMS (e.g., SUAWACS, MIG-29)



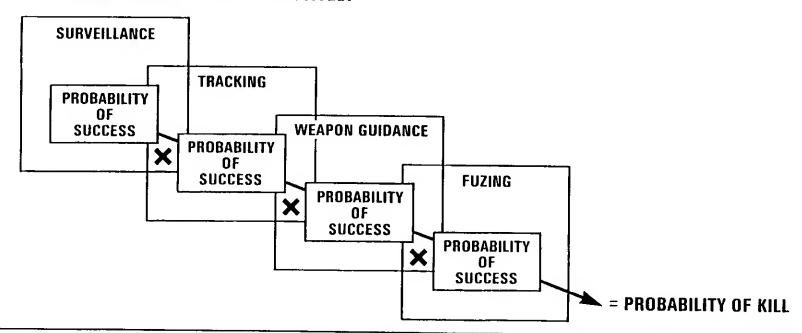
AIR-TO-AIR FIGHTER STEALTH EFFECTIVENESS





STEALTH AND SURVIVABILITY

- ◆ LOW OBSERVABLE PLATFORMS, NOW COMBAT PROVEN, HAVE DRAMATICALLY CHANGED THE BATTLEFIELD—THEY CRIPPLE THE ENEMY'S EFFORTS TO DETECT, IDENTIFY, ENGAGE, AND DESTROY OUR FORCES
 - -ENEMY'S RETURN ON INVESTMENT IN AIR DEFENSES IS DENIED
- RESTORE THE ELEMENT OF SURPRISE
 - —UNITED STATES CHOOSES THE TIME AND PLACE OF ATTACK
 - **—ENEMY CANNOT REACT EFFECTIVELY**



SUCCESSFUL AIR DEFENSE IS A PROBLEM IN MULTIPLICATION:
STEALTH DRIVES THE PRODUCT TOWARDS ZERO



The Value of Stealth

Standard Package **Precision Weapons Precision & B-2** Stealth **Bomb Droppers** Air **Escort** Suppression of Enemy Air Defenses **Tankers**

Procurement Cost & 20 Year O&S Cost

\$6.5B

\$5.5B

\$1.5B

\$1.3B



OPTIMIZATION OF STEALTH

- F-117 SECOND-GENERATION STEALTH
 - SIGNATURE OPTIMIZED FOR LIMITED ASPECTS
 - MEDIUM-ALTITUDE, NIGHT GROUND ATTACK
 - PENALTIES IN AERODYNAMIC AND ENGINE PERFORMANCE TO ACHIEVE A HIGH DEGREE OF STEALTH
- **ACM** THIRD-GENERATION STEALTH
 - FIRST SUCCESSFUL INTEGRATION OF AERODYNAMIC EFFICIENCY AND STEALTH IN A SMALL VEHICLE
- B-2 ◆ FOURTH-GENERATION STEALTH
 - REVOLUTIONARY BLENDING OF STEALTH TECHNOLOGY IN LARGE AIRCRAFT WITH HIGH AERODYNAMIC EFFICIENCY AND LARGE PAYLOAD
 - BALANCED SIGNATURE FOR OPERATIONS AT BOTH HIGH AND LOW ALTITUDE
- F-22 OPTIMIZED FOR AIR-TO-AIR OPERATIONS
 - SIGNATURE OPTIMIZED FOR A FIRST-LOOK/FIRST-KILL CAPABILITY

COMMON DENOMINATOR ACROSS ALL STEALTH PLATFORMS IS EFFECTIVE MISSION PLANNING, WHICH GREATLY ENHANCES MISSION SURVIVABILITY.



STEALTH PAYOFF HIGH

- STEALTHY AIRCRAFT CAN PENETRATE WITH FEWER SUPPORT ASSETS AND PRESERVE SURPRISE
 - **—LESS RISK TO CREW MEMBERS**
- STEALTHY AIRCRAFT PERMIT MORE RAPID SUPPRESSION OF GROUND-BASED AIR DEFENSES
 - **—ELIMINATES REQUIREMENT TO "ROLL BACK" DEFENSES**
 - **—LESS RISK TO OUR GROUND FORCES PERSONNEL**
- STEALTH PERMITS MORE ACCURATE DELIVERY OF MUNITIONS
 - -ELIMINATES NEED FOR EVASIVE ACTIONS—PERMITS CONCENTRATION ON WEAPON DELIVERY
 - **—LESS RISK TO NONCOMBATANT PERSONNEL FROM COLLATERAL DAMAGE**

STEALTH SAVES LIVES



VALUE OF STEALTH IN COMBAT ENVIRONMENT

- STEALTH IS KEY ELEMENT
 - —SYNERGISTICALLY COMPLEMENTS OTHER SURVIVABILITY METHODS SUCH AS DEFENSE SUPPRESSION, STANDOFF, AND TACTICS
- STEALTH APPLIED WHERE NEEDED
 - -PART OF OVERALL FORCE PACKAGE OPTIMIZED TO SUIT AIRCRAFT/MISSION

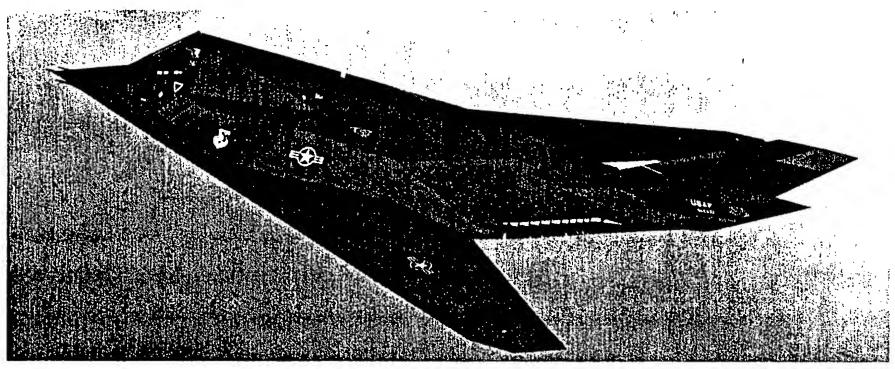
STEALTH ALLOWS US TO MORE EFFECTIVELY USE ALL COMBAT RESOURCES

TAB B

F-117 STEALTH FIGHTER



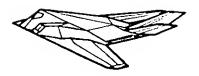
F-117 STEALTH FIGHTER



COMBAT-PROVEN STEALTH



F-117A CHARACTERISTICS



F-117A Stealth Fighter

• MAX GROSS WEIGHT: 52,500 LB

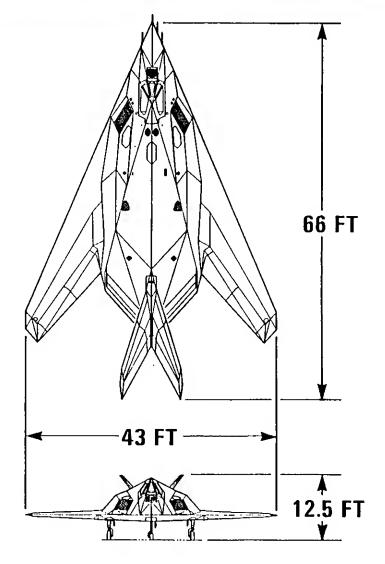
• SPEED: HIGH SUBSONIC

• CREW: ONE

• UNREFUELED RADIUS: 600 NM

ARMAMENT: TWO 2,000-LB LASER
 GUIDED/CONVENTIONAL
 BOMBS; NUCLEAR CAPABLE

• ENGINES: TWO NONAFTERBURNING GE F-404 TURBOFAN ENGINES





F-117 MISSION



- THE F-117A STEALTH FIGHTER IS THE FIRST OPERATIONAL AIRCRAFT CONCEIVED TO EXPLOIT LOW OBSERVABLE STEALTH TECHNOLOGY
- THIS SINGLE-SEAT FIGHTER IS DESIGNED TO PENETRATE DENSE THREAT ENVIRONMENTS AND ATTACK HIGH-VALUE TARGETS WITH PINPOINT ACCURACY



F-117 PROGRAM



 FIRST FLIGHT (31 MONTHS AFTER FSD CONTRACT AWARD) 	JUN 1981
• FIRST AIRCRAFT DELIVERIES	1982
• INITIAL OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY	OCT 1983
• LAST AIRCRAFT DELIVERY	JUN 1990
• TOTAL AIRCRAFT BUY	59
• AIRCRAFT LOST TO PEACETIME ACCIDENTS	3
• FIRST COMBAT OPERATION	JUST CAUSE (DEC 1989)
• UNIT FLYAWAY COST	\$52.5 MILLION (FY 91\$)
• TOTAL PROGRAM COST	\$8.2 BILLION (FY 91\$)



F-117 FACT SHEET DESERT STORM



F-117s DEPLOYED: 42

TOTAL COMBAT SORTIES: OVER 1,270

TONS OF BOMBS DROPPED: OVER 2,000

NUMBER OF COMBAT HOURS: OVER 6,900

MISSION CAPABLE RATE: OVER 85%

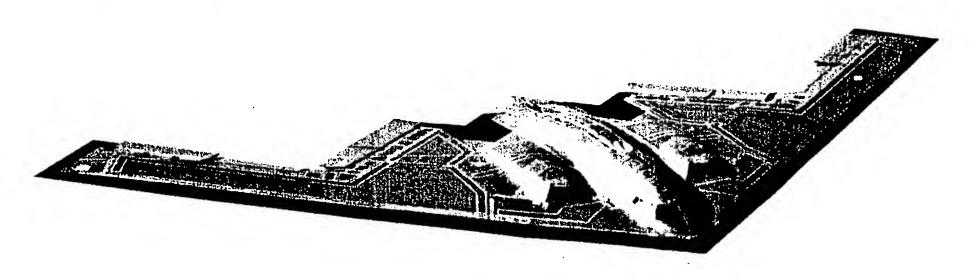
WHILE F-117s FLEW ONLY 2% OF TOTAL COMBAT SORTIES, THEY COVERED APPROXIMATELY 40% OF THE STRATEGIC TARGETS—ONLY SYSTEM TO FLY DOWNTOWN BAGHDAD IN "TEETH" OF DEFENSES

TABC

B-2 STEALTH BOMBER



B-2 STEALTH BOMBER



GLOBAL REACH-GLOBAL POWER FOR THE 21ST CENTURY



B-2 CHARACTERISTICS



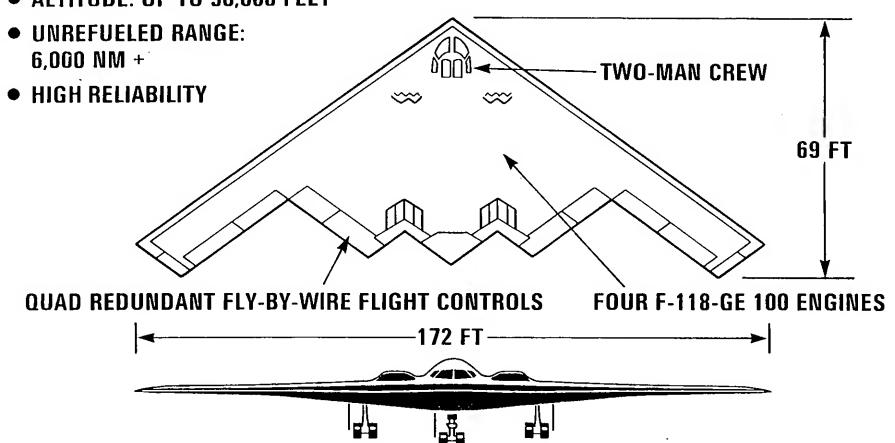
B-2 Stealth Bomber

7416 13

- LARGE NUCLEAR OR CONVENTIONAL PAYLOAD
- PENETRATION SPEED: HIGH SUBSONIC

• ALTITUDE: UP TO 50,000 FEET

ALL FEATURES DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE OBSERVABLE, RADAR, INFRARED, VISUAL, AND ACOUSTIC SIGNATURES





THE ORIGINAL B-2 MISSION STATEMENT



"MISSION: THE ADVANCED STRATEGIC PENETRATING AIRCRAFT (ASPA) SHALL PROVIDE THE CAPABILITY TO CONDUCT MISSIONS ACROSS THE SPECTRUM OF CONFLICT, INCLUDING GENERAL NUCLEAR WAR, CONVENTIONAL CONFLICT, AND PEACETIME/CRISIS SITUATIONS."

IN 1981 THE B-2 WAS KNOWN AS THE ASPA. THE NAME HAS CHANGED, BUT THE MISSION REMAINS THE SAME



Nuclear Deterrence

Our Number One Priority



- DETERRENCE HAS PROVIDED THE FOUNDATION FOR U.S. MILITARY STRATEGY FOR OVER 40 YEARS
- SOVIET UNION REMAINS THE ONLY NATION THAT CAN DESTROY THE U.S. WITHIN 30 MINUTES
 - THE POTENTIAL FOR NUCLEAR EXCHANGE IS AT ITS LOWEST POINT IN 40 YEARS, HOWEVER...
 - •• THE CONSEQUENCES OF FAILURE TO DETER ARE UNACCEPTABLE
 - SOVIETS CONTINUE MODERNIZING THEIR OFFENSIVE AND DEFENSIVE FORCES
- THE TRIAD IS A TIME-PROVEN HEDGE AGAINST SOVIET TECHNOLOGICAL BREAKTHROUGHS AND U.S. SYSTEM FAILURES

OUR REDUNDANT FORCES ARE A HIGH-VALUE INSURANCE POLICY

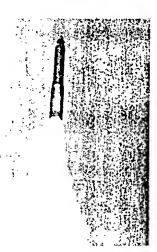


The Balanced Triad



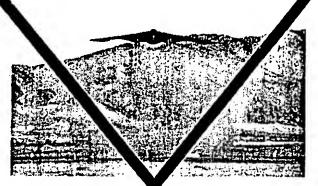
B-2 Stealth Bomber

ICBMs



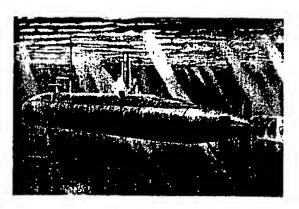
- Use when deterrence fails
- Low O&S cost
- High day-to-day alert
- Immediate response
- No recall
- No recycle
- No conventional use

STRATEGIC TRIAD BOMBERS



- Demonstrates e give in crisis before deterrence fais
 - Mosi stabilizing
- Relieves decision time ressure
- Man-ip loop
- Most efficient weapon delivery
- Survivable
- Ecallable
- Reuseable
- Rapid global conventional capability Proven in combat

SLBMs



- Use when deterrence fails
- Survivable
- Low cost/warhead
- Prompt response
- No recall
- No recycle
- No conventional use

Each President Has Requested More Options



B-2: The Next Generation Stealth



B-2 Stealth Bomber

IF YOU LIKE THE F-117, WAIT TILL YOU SEE THE B-2

PRECISION & STEALTH

B-2

BOMB DROPPERS

A A

TANKERS

* COST (FY91\$)

\$1.3B

- BALANCED LOW OBSERVABLE DESIGN
- HIGH AND LOW ALTITUDE OPERATION
- LONGER RANGE WITH GREATER PAYLOAD
- TERRAIN FOLLOWING RADAR
- FAR LESS TANKER SUPPORT

GREATER OPERATIONAL UTILITY

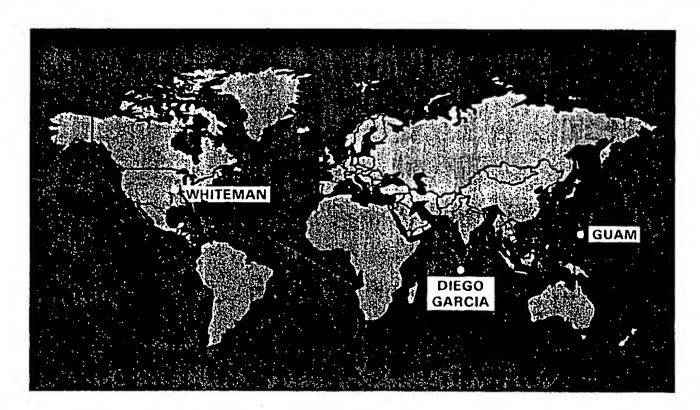
^{*} Procurement and 20 year operations and support



B-2 Conventional CapabilityWorldwide Force Projection Capability



• 40,000 LB PAYLOAD + ONE REFUELING COVERS GLOBAL LANDMASS



B-2 CAN HOLD VIRTUALLY EVERY TARGET IN THE WORLD AT RISK WITHIN 24 HOURS



Cost Effective Force Multiplier



- THE VALUE OF A B-2 WILL BE ITS ENDURING CONTRIBUTION TO NATIONAL SECURITY FOR MANY YEARS
- THE B-2 LEVERAGES OUR UP-FRONT INVESTMENT IN STEALTH TECHNOLOGY
- IN AN AUSTERE BUDGET ENVIRONMENT, THE B-2 WILL BE THE CENTERPIECE OF A SMALLER, MORE CAPABLE FORCE

Commitment to date

With Termination Cost (15 A/C - THEN STOP)

Additional Cost to go

\$30.8B (TY\$)

\$36.4B (TY\$)

\$28.4B (TY\$)

"WE HAVE INVESTED A HUGE AMOUNT IN THE B-2 ALREADY. WE ARE AT THE STAGE NOW WHERE WE CAN BEGIN TO REAP THE BENEFITS OF THAT INVESTMENT AND WE WANT TO GO FORWARD WITH THE 75 PLANES."

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE



Test Reports



B-2 Stealth Bomber

Block I Testing: Initial Performance Testing

"...from the data available, nothing we have seen would conflict with the expectations that the B-2 should provide a significant capability in range and payload performance and will essentially negate the large investments the Soviets have made in air defense."

Defense Science Board, 20 Jan 1990

"...In general, the B-2 has performed equal to or better than predicted in the areas of performance and flying qualities."

OSD/DOT&E, 11 Jun 1990

Block II Testing: Initial Low Observable Testing

"Based on flight test results to date, there are no indications that basic B-2 aircraft survivability is in jeopardy."
OSD/DOT&E, 25 Feb 1991

"...we found no substantive signature surprises. Based on our review of the test results, we see nothing that would lead us to believe that the B-2 will not be the highly survivable aircraft intended at the start of this important program."

Defense Science Board, 20 Feb 1991

"The early Block 2 flight tests were responsive to the 1991 full performance matrix requirement of taking early measurements of the radar signature. The test objectives were to provide a preliminary assessment of the radar signature for the first B-2 at selected frequencies intended to be representative of threat radars."

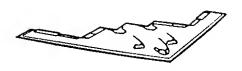
General Accounting Office, 15 Apr 1991

"Flight tests for the second B-2 adequately demonstrated some basic flight characteristics beyond those accomplished in Block 1 testing. The tests also demonstrated that new flight control software corrected flight stability problems identified in Block 1 testing."

General Accounting Office, 15 Apr 1991



B-2 PROGRAM



B-2 Stealth Bomber

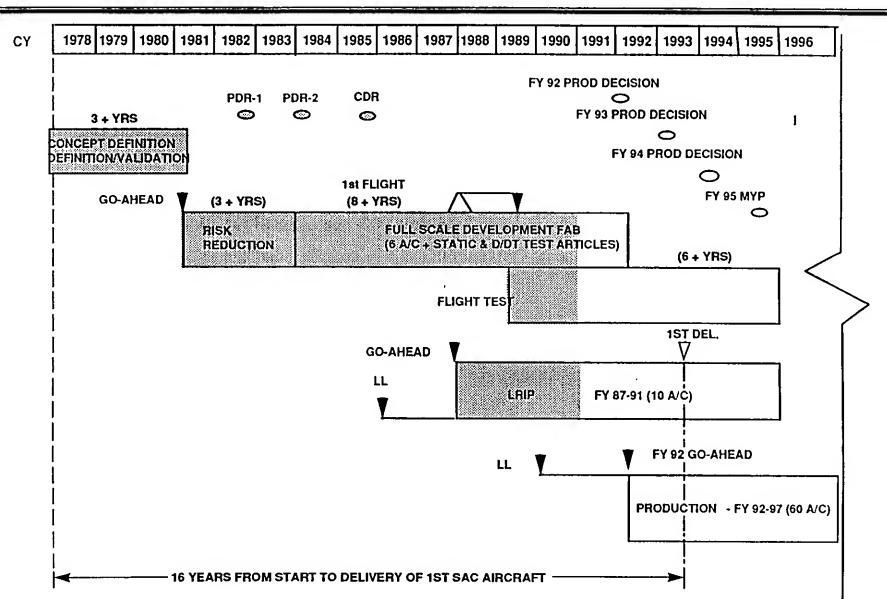
PROGRAM INITIATION	1981
• FULL SCALE DEVELOPMENT	1983
 LOW RATE PRODUCTION 	1987
• FIRST FLIGHT	1989
• FIRST SAC DELIVERY	1993
• TOTAL AIRCRAFT BUY	75 AIRCRAFT; 2 WINGS
 UNIT FLYAWAY COST 	\$437.4 MILLION (FY 91\$)
• TOTAL PROGRAM COST	\$60.8 BILLION (FY 91\$)
—COMMITMENT TO DATE	\$33.2 BILLION (FY 91\$)



B-2 Program Schedule

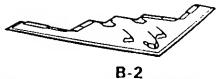


B-2 Stealth Bomber





WHY B-2?



Stealth Bomber

MULTIROLE CAPABILITY

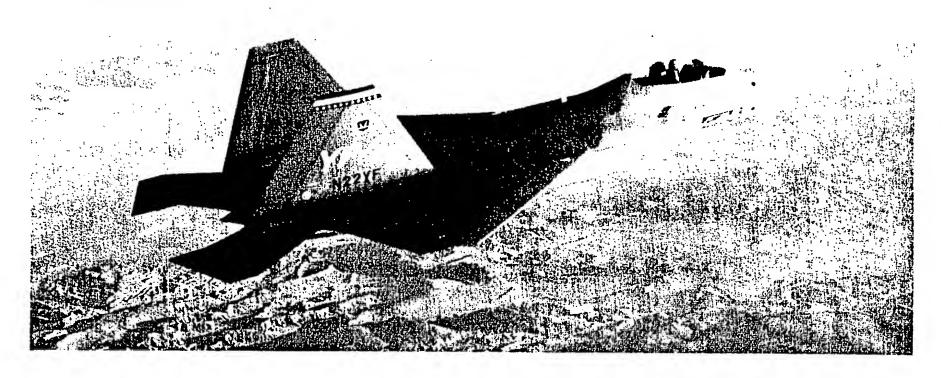
- -NUCLEAR DETERRENCE-OUR NUMBER ONE PRIORITY
- -CONVENTIONAL WARFIGHTING-COMBINES F-117's SURVIVABILITY WITH RANGE/PAYLOAD OF THE B-52
- STEALTH PAYOFF HIGH
 - **—LESS RISK TO CREW MEMBERS; MORE ACCURATE DELIVERY OF MUNITIONS**
- SUCCESSFUL TEST PROGRAM DEMONSTRATES B-2 WORKS
 - -RESULTS CERTIFIED BY DEFENSE SCIENCE BOARD, INDEPENDENT TESTERS AND GAO
- TIME IS RIGHT TO CAPITALIZE ON OUR INVESTMENT AND OUR SUCCESS

TAB D

F-22 STEALTH FIGHTER



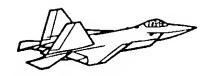
F-22 STEALTH FIGHTER



AIR SUPERIORITY FOR THE 21ST CENTURY

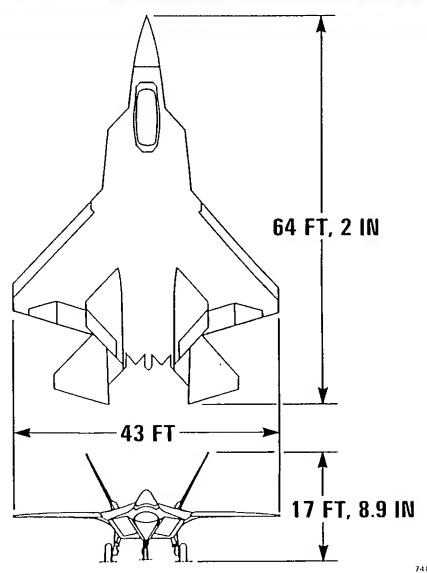


F-22 CHARACTERISTICS



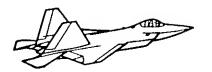
F-22 Stealth Fighter

- LOW OBSERVABLE/HIGHLY MANEUVERABLE AIRFRAME
- LONG RADIUS OF ACTION WITH EXCELLENT PAYLOAD
- MACH NUMBER: 1.8 MACH+
- SUPERCRUISE IN MILITARY POWER: 1.4 MACH+
- ALTITUDE: 50,000 FEET
- HIGHLY RELIABLE INTEGRATED AVIONICS
- CREW: ONE
- ENGINES: TWO F119-PW-100
- ARMAMENT: AIM-9 SIDEWINDER
 AIM-120 AMRAAM
 20MM GATLING GUN





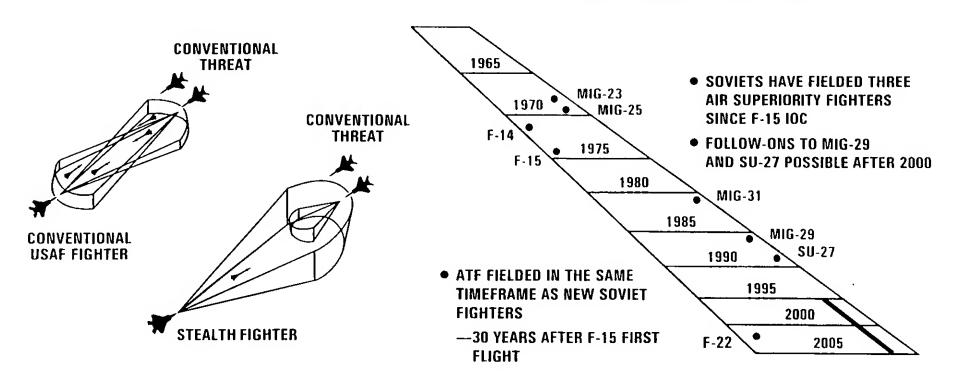
F-22 MISSION



F-22 Stealth Fighter

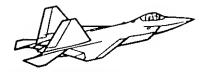
FIRST-LOOK FIRST-SHOT FIRST-KILL

AIR SUPERIORITY FIGHTERS





F-22 DEM/VAL ACHIEVED PERFORMANCE



F-22 Stealth Fighter

- PROTOTYPE AIRCRAFT TESTED IN FOLLOWING AREAS
 - —THRUST VECTORING
 - —MANEUVERING TO 60-DEGREE ANGLE OF ATTACK
 - -AIM-9 AND AIM-120 LAUNCH
 - -MANEUVERING AT MINIMUM AIRSPEED
 - —HANDLING QUALITIES DURING TRACKING
 - **—WEAPONS BAY ENVIRONMENT**
 - -MACH 1.8+ (WITH F119 ENGINES)
 - -AIR REFUELING
 - -SUPERCRUISE
 - **—LIMITED AIR STARTS**



F-22 DEM/VAL ACHIEVED PERFORMANCE—Continued

F-22 Stealth Fighter

• FLIGHT CONDITIONS

-AIR SPEED KCAS	B3	TO	63	30
AIN SELLU NUAS	J	•		

-MACH NUMBER 0.25	TO	1.8	MACH-
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-SUPERCRUISE	1.4 MACH +
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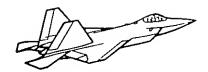
-ALTITUDE (FEET) 2,300 TO 5

-NORMAL LOAD FACTOR -1.0	0 TO 7	'.7
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-ANGLE O	FATTACK	(DEGREE)	-5 TO (62
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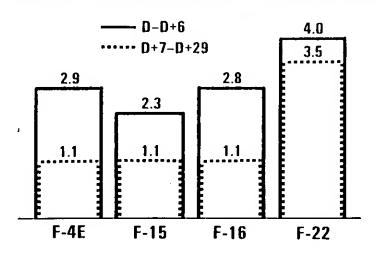


RM&S COMPARISONS

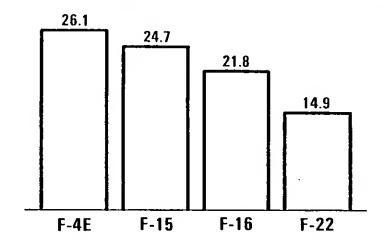


F-22 Stealth Fighter

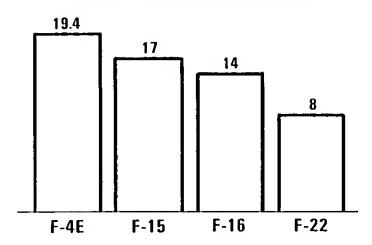
SORTIE GENERATION RATE



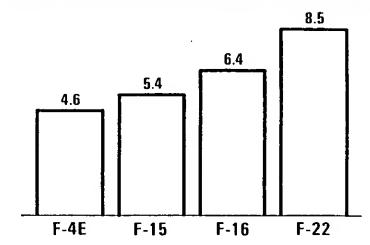
TOTAL MANPOWER SPACES PER AIRCRAFT



C-141s TO DEPLOY A 24 PAA SODN

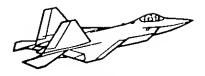


COMBAT RATE: SORTIES BETWEEN MAJOR MAINTENANCE





F-22 PRATT & WHITNEY YF119 ENGINE



F-22 Stealth Fighter

TMS: YF119-PW-100

MFR: PRATT & WHITNEY

TYPE: TWIN-SPOOL AUGMENTED TURBOFAN

APPLICATION: ADVANCED TACTICAL FIGHTER

THRUST: 35,000 LB CLASS

ENGINE CONTROL: FULL AUTHORITY DIGITAL

ELECTRONIC CONTROL

COMPRESSION SYSTEM: TWIN-SPOOL/COUNTER-ROTATING/

AXIAL FLOW

-3 STAGE FAN

-6 STAGE COMPRESSOR

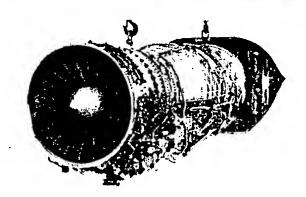
COMBUSTOR: ANNULAR

TURBINE: AXIAL FLOW/COUNTER-ROTATING

—1 STAGE HIGH-PRESSURE TURBINE

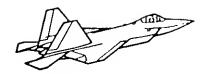
—1 STAGE LOW-PRESSURE TURBINE

NOZZLE: VECTORING TWO-DIMENSIONAL CONVERGENT-DIVERGENT





F-22 PROGRAM

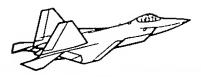


F-22 Stealth Fighter

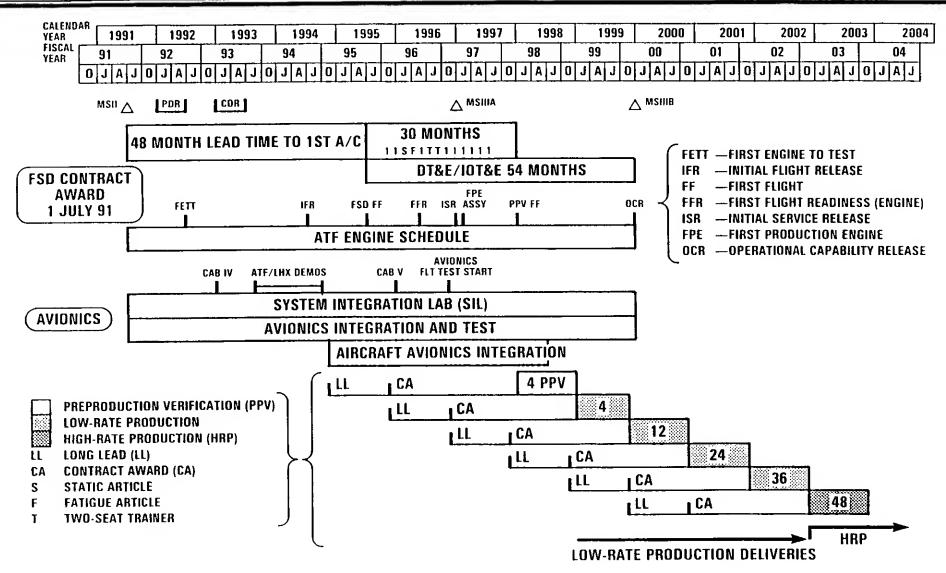
• DEMONSTRATION/VALIDATION PHASE	1986 TO 1991
• REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL RELEASE	1 NOV 1990
• DOWN SELECT	23 APR 1991
• DEFENSE ACQUISITION BOARD	JUN 1991
 ENGINEER MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT 	JUL 1991
• 48 AIRCRAFT DELIVERED	2002
• TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT	648 AIRCRAFT TO SUPPORT 5.5 TACTICAL FIGHTER WINGS
• UNIT FLYAWAY	\$59.4 MILLION (FY 91\$)
• TOTAL PROGRAM	\$61.5 BILLION (FY 91\$)



F-22 FULL-SCALE DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE

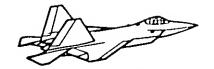


F-22 Stealth Fighter





WHY F-22?



F-22 Stealth Fighter

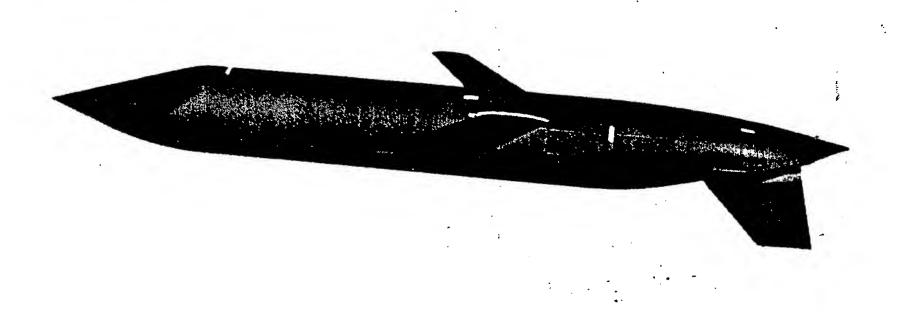
- FREEDOM OF MANEUVER FOR GROUND, AIR, AND NAVAL FORCES IS A NECESSITY FOR SUCCESSFUL ACCOMPLISHMENT OF MILITARY OBJECTIVES
- AIR SUPERIORITY IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE THIS FREEDOM OF MANEUVER FOR ALL PHASES OF MILITARY OPERATIONS
 - -- PREVENTS ENEMY AIR ATTACK ON FRIENDLY SURFACE FORCES
 - -ALLOWS INTERDICTION AND CLOSE AIR SUPPORT TO PROVIDE EFFECTIVE SUPPORT OF FRIENDLY FORCES
 - —ALLOWS SEALIFT AND AIRLIFT AIRCRAFT FREEDOM TO DEPLOY AND RESUPPLY FRIENDLY FORCES
- THREATS THAT DENY AIR SUPERIORITY?
 - **—ENEMY FIGHTER AIRCRAFT**
 - -ENEMY SURFACE-TO-AIR MISSILES (SAMs)

TABE

ADVANCED CRUISE MISSILE



ADVANCED CRUISE MISSILE



DETERRENCE FOR THIS CENTURY AND THE NEXT

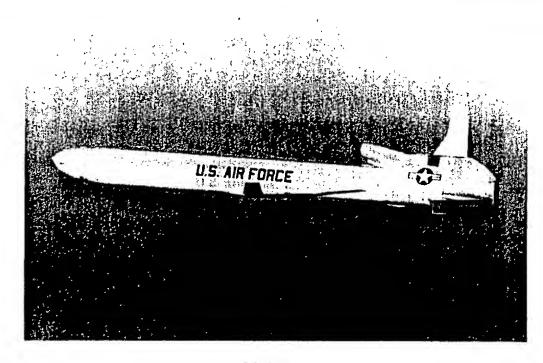


CRUISE MISSILE EVOLUTION



Advanced Cruise Missile

- SLOWLY, AS TECHNOLOGY HAS IMPROVED, THE PERFORMANCE OF CRUISE MISSILES HAS IMPROVED ALSO
- THE FIRST MISSILES ONLY HAD TO FLY A FEW HUNDRED MILES AND BE ABLE TO STRIKE A CITY-SIZED TARGET—AND OFTEN FAILED EVEN IN THAT
- NOW THE MISSILES CAN FLY THOUSANDS OF MILES AND STRIKE WITH GREAT ACCURACY
- THE ADVENT OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS PROVIDES A WARHEAD THAT MAKES A CRUISE MISSILE A SERIOUS DETERRENT



ALCM-B

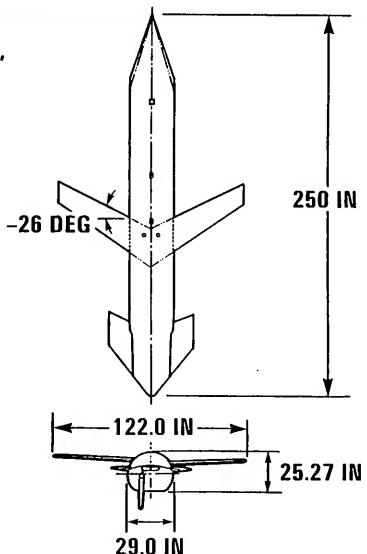


ADVANCED CRUISE MISSILE CHARACTERISTICS



Advanced Cruise Missile

- BETTER ACCURACY, RANGE, AND SURVIVABILITY
- HARD TARGET CAPABLE
- COMPLICATES ENEMY AIR DEFENSES
- INCREASED STANDOFF RANGE
 - —IMPROVES BOMBER SURVIVABILITY





ADVANCED CRUISE MISSILE (AGM-129A)



Advanced Cruise Missile

SIGNATURE REDUCTION CHARACTERISTICS

LOW-REFLECTANCE PAINT (FOR IR AND VISUAL)

FORWARD SWEPT (LOW FRONTAL RCS) RADOME-STRUCTURED WINGS (REDUCES LOW-FREQUENCY RCS)

BODY RAM (REDUCES SPECULAR AND TRAVELING WAVE)

CHINES (REDUCES SHOULDER SIGNATURE)

SHARP NOSE CONE (FOR LOW FRONTAL RCS)

> LOW POWER, CONTROLLED EMISSION GUIDANCE SENSORS (FOR EME)

STRAIGHT FUSELAGE SIDES (PROVIDES NARROW BROADSIDE)

FLUSH INLET WITH RAM AND HIDDEN LIP (MAJOR RCS REDUCTION) BEAVERTAIL
NOZZLE SHIELD
(SHIELDS IR AND RADAR)

EXHAUST MIXER 2-D NOZZLÉ WITH RAM (LOW AFT END RCS ACOUSTIC AND IR)

RADOME STRUCTURED FINS (REDUCES LOW-FREQUENCY RCS)



ADVANCED CRUISE MISSILE MISSION



- ENHANCE THE LONG-TERM EFFECTIVENESS OF THE BOMBER LEG OF THE TRIAD WITH A CRUISE MISSILE CAPABLE OF DEFEATING PROJECTED SOVIET DEFENSES. ACM HAS
 - -GREATER RANGE
 - -IMPROVED SURVIVABILITY
 - -INCREASED ACCURACY
 - **—ENHANCED OPERATIONAL FLEXIBILITY**
 - -MAXIMUM COMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER STRATEGIC SYSTEMS

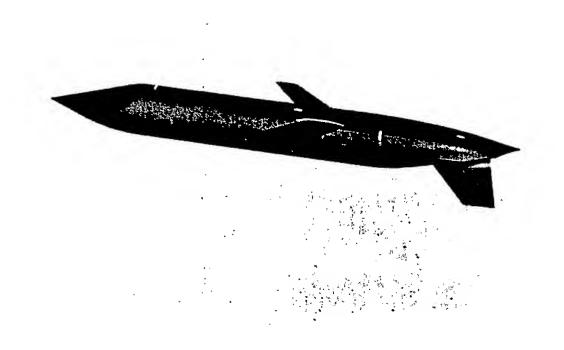


ACM UNIQUE CONTRIBUTIONS



Advanced Cruise Missile

- THE ACM SHARES AN ADVANTAGE WITH THE EARLIEST CRUISE MISSILES: IT GREATLY COMPLICATES ENEMY DEFENSE PLANNING
- CRUISE MISSILES ACT AS A FORCE MULTIPLIER: ONE BOMBER ORIGINATES A DOZEN INDEPENDENTLY FLYING THREATS
- AND THE ACM ADDS ITS OWN UNIQUE TWIST: IT IS NEARLY UNDETECTABLE EXCEPT AT THE VERY CLOSEST OF RANGES





ACM F-112-WR-100 TURBOFAN ENGINE



- LOW BYPASS RATIO TURBOFAN WITH MIXED-FLOW EXHAUST, DEVELOPED ESPECIALLY FOR THE ACM
- MANUFACTURED BY WILLIAMS INTERNATIONAL COMPANY, WALLED LAKE, MICHIGAN

FEATURES

THRUST CLASS: 500-750 POUNDS

WEIGHT: 161 POUNDS

FUEL TYPE: JP-10

LENGTH: 31 INCHES

DIAMETER: 18.5 INCHES (WITH ACCESSORIES)



ACM GUIDANCE SYSTEM



- A HIGH-ACCURACY INERTIAL NAVIGATION SYSTEM THAT PROVIDES A SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT OVER ALCM
- MANUFACTURED BY KEARFOTT GUIDANCE AND NAVIGATION CORPORATION, WAYNE, NEW JERSEY

FEATURES

- HIGH-SPEED DIRECT MEMORY ACCESS PROCESSOR WITH 128K
 OF RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY AND 64K OF ELECTRICAL
 ERASABLE PROGRAMMABLE READ-ONLY MEMORY
- LASER DOPPLER VELOCIMETER SENSOR THAT MEASURES MISSILE GROUND VELOCITY AFTER LAUNCH
- FOUR-GIMBAL TUNED ROTOR GYROSCOPE INERTIAL GUIDANCE PLATFORM THAT PROVIDES HIGHLY ACCURATE POSITION LOCATION



ADVANCED CRUISE MISSILE PROGRAM



 FULL-SCALE DEVELOPMENT BEGAN 	APR 1983
• FIRST FLIGHT	JUL 1985
• PILOT PRODUCTION	JUL 1985
 TOTAL BUY (INCLUDING 120 SPECIAL VARIANTS) 	1,000
• PRODUCTION DECISION	SUMMER 1991
• UNIT FLYAWAY COST	\$3.8 MILLION (FY 91\$)
• TOTAL PROGRAM COST	\$6.4 BILLION (FY 91\$)



ACM TODAY AND TOMORROW



- THE ACM IS NOT JUST DESIGNED TO MEET CURRENT THREATS BUT WILL BE USEFUL WELL INTO THE NEXT CENTURY
- AS MISSILE CARRIER AIRCRAFT AGE AND ARE REMOVED FROM THE CRUISE MISSILE CARRIER OR PENETRATION ROLES, THE ACM CAN BE REDEPLOYED TO EXTEND THE USEFUL LIFE OF AIRCRAFT
- ACM FLEXIBILITY ADDRESSES AIR FORCE STRATEGIC AND BUDGETARY CHALLENGES